# ON THE INTEGRAL SOLUTIONS OF BINARY QUADRATIC DIOPHANTINE EQUATION $a x^{2}-b x=c y^{2}$ 

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Abstract:In this paper, we show that the Diophantine equation $a x^{2}-b x=c y^{2}$ in positive integers $x, y, a, b, c$ has infinitely many solutions where $a c$ is not a square. We transform the above equation into a Pellian equation to find its infinitely many integer solutions only when $a c$ is not a square. Finally, we present some recurrence relations for $(x, y)$.
Keywords and Phrases: Diophantine Equation, Quadratic Equation, Integral Solutions, Pell's Equation, hyperbola.
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## 1. Introduction

The aim of this paper is to find the general solution of non-homogenous Diophantine equation of the form

$$
a x^{2}-b x=c y^{2}
$$

This equation is considered as a more general form of the equation introduced in [19]. Moreover, the equation is a special form of the Diophantine equation

