

THE ADMISSIBLE MONOMIAL BASIS FOR THE POLYNOMIAL  
ALGEBRA OF FIVE VARIABLES IN DEGREE FOURTEEN

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**Abstract:** Let  $P_k$  be the graded polynomial algebra  $\mathbb{F}_2[x_1, x_2, \dots, x_k]$  with the degree of each generator  $x_i$  being 1, where  $\mathbb{F}_2$  denote the prime field of two elements. We study the *hit problem*, set up by Frank Peterson, of finding a minimal set of generators for the polynomial algebra  $P_k$  as a module over the mod-2 Steenrod algebra,  $\mathcal{A}$ . In this paper, we explicitly determine all admissible monomials for the case  $k = 5$  in degree fourteen.

**Keywords and Phrases:** Steenrod squares, hit problem, algebraic transfer.

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### 1. Introduction and Statement of Results

Denote by  $P_k = H^*((\mathbb{R}P^\infty)^k)$  the modulo-2 cohomology algebra of the direct product of  $k$  copies of infinite dimensional real projective spaces  $\mathbb{R}P^\infty$ . Then,  $P_k$  is isomorphic to the graded polynomial algebra  $\mathbb{F}_2[x_1, x_2, \dots, x_k]$  of  $k$  variables, in which each  $x_j$  is of degree 1. Here the cohomology is taken with coefficients in the prime field  $\mathbb{F}_2$  of two elements.

The  $\mathcal{A}$ -module structure of  $P_k$  is explicitly determined by the formula

$$Sq^i(x_j) = \begin{cases} x_j, & i = 0, \\ x_j^2, & i = 1, \\ 0, & i > 1, \end{cases}$$

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