

ON CERTAIN TRANSFORMATION FORMULAS INVOLVING q-HYPERGEOMETRIC SERIES

Bindu Prakash Mishra, Sunil Singh* and Mohammad Shahjade**

Department of Mathematics,
M.D. College, Parel, Mumbai-400012, Maharashtra, INDIA.
E-mail: bindu1962@gmail.com

*Department of Mathematics, The Institute of Science,
15, Madam Cama Rd, Mantralaya, Fort,
Mumbai-400032, Maharashtra, INDIA.
E-mail: drsunilsingh912@gmail.com

**Department of Mathematics,
MANUU (Central University), Poly. 8th Cross,
1st Stage, 3rd Block, Nagarbhavi, Bangalore -560072, INDIA.
E-mail: mohammadshahjade@gmail.com

Dedicated to Prof. K. Srinivasa Rao on his 75th Birth Anniversary

Abstract: In this paper transformations formulas involving q-hypergeometric series have been established. Certain identities have been deduced as special cases.

Keywords and Phrases: q-hypergeometric series, transformation formula, summation formula, identity.

2010 Mathematics Subject Classification: 33D15, 11B65.

1. Introduction, Notations and Definitions

Throughout the paper, we use the customary notation,

$$(a; q)_0 = 1$$
$$(a; q)_n = \prod_{r=0}^{n-1} (1 - aq^r), \quad n \geq 1,$$

$$(a; q)_\infty = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (a; q)_n, \quad |q| < 1$$

and

$$(a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots, a_r; q)_n = (a_1; q)_n (a_2; q)_n (a_3; q)_n \dots (a_r; q)_n,$$