

β^c -CLOSURE OPERATOR IN FUZZY SETTING

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(**Received:** Aug. 23, 2021 **Accepted:** Nov. 12, 2021 **Published:** Dec. 30, 2021)

Abstract: Fuzzy β -open set is introduced in [6]. Using this concept as a basic tool, in [2] we have introduced and studied fuzzy β^* -closure operator and fuzzy β^* -closed set. Here we introduce fuzzy β^c -closure operator and fuzzy β^c -closed set. This newly defined operator is coarser than fuzzy β -closure operator [6] and fuzzy β^* -closure operator. Also fuzzy β^c -closure operator is an idempotent operator. Then some mutual relationship of this operator with the operators defined in [2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8] are established. With the help of this operator a new type of fuzzy separation axiom is introduced. Lastly we characterize this operator via fuzzy net.

Keywords and Phrases: Fuzzy β -open set, fuzzy preopen set, fuzzy β^c -closed set, fuzzy β^c -regular space, β^c -convergence of a fuzzy net.

2020 Mathematics Subject Classification: Primary 54A40 Secondary 03E72.

1. Introduction

Many mathematicians have engaged themselves to introduce and study different types of fuzzy closure-like operators in fuzzy setting. In this context we have to mention [2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8]. Using fuzzy β -open set, here we introduce and study fuzzy β^c -closed set and show that for any fuzzy set, fuzzy β -closure is weaker than fuzzy β^c -closure of this set and for a fuzzy open set these two operators coincide.

2. Preliminaries

Throughout the paper, by (X, τ) or simply by X we mean a fuzzy topological space (fts, for short) in the sense of Chang [5]. A fuzzy set A is a function from a