

### On Certain Results Involving Mock- Theta Functions

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*(Received October 13, 2012)*

**Abstract:** In this paper, making use of certain identities, we have established interesting results involving mock-theta functions, partial mock theta functions.

**Keywords:** Mock theta function, partial mock -theta function, identity, summation formula, truncated basic hypergeometric series.

**AMS subject classification code:** Primary 33D90, 11A55 ; Secondary 11F20.

#### 1. Notations and definitions:

Throughout this note, we shall adopt the following definitions and notations. The  $q$ - factorial is defined by,

$$[a; q]_0 = 1$$

$$[a; q]_n = (1 - a)(1 - aq)\dots(1 - aq^{n-1}), \quad n = 1, 2, 3, \dots,$$

and

$$[a; q]_\infty = \prod_{k=0}^{\infty} (1 - aq^k).$$

For product of  $q$ - shifted factorials, we use the short notation

$$[a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots, a_r; q]_n = [a_1; q]_n [a_2; q]_n [a_3; q]_n \dots [a_r; q]_n,$$

where  $n$  is an integer or infinity.

Basic and bilateral basic hypergeometric series are defined by,

$${}_r\Phi_s \left[ \begin{matrix} a_1, a_2, \dots, a_r; q, z \\ b_1, b_2, \dots, b_s \end{matrix} \right] = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{[a_1, a_2, \dots, a_r; q]_n z^n}{[q, b_1, b_2, \dots, b_s; q]_n} [(-)^n q^{n(n-1)/2}]^{1+s-r}.$$

and

$${}_r\Psi_s \left[ \begin{matrix} a_1, a_2, \dots, a_r; q, z \\ b_1, b_2, \dots, b_s \end{matrix} \right] = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{[a_1, a_2, \dots, a_r; q]_n z^n}{[b_1, b_2, \dots, b_s; q]_n} [(-)^n q^{n(n-1)/2}]^{s-r}.$$